# **RVG and RVG-ST**

# **Rotary Gas Meters**



## **Applications**

Media:Natural gas, town gas, inert gasesIndustry:Gas supply, stove manufacturers, chemical industry.Tasks:Measurement, control and automatic regulation.

# **Brief information**

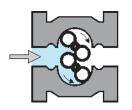
RVG: Flange connection G16 – G400 RVG-ST: Standard thread connection G10 – G25

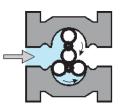
**Operating principle:** Elster-Instromet RVG and RVG-ST rotary gas meters are volumemeasuring devices for gaseous media and operate according to the positive displacement principle.

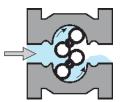
They register the gas volume under operating conditions. In order to correct the measured volume to standard conditions, electronic volume correctors with various characteristics are available.

The actual measuring cell consists of two 8 shaped impellers, which build together with the housing 4 chambers per revolution, which are periodically filled and emptied.

The number of revolutions is proportional to the passed volume. The rotation is transferred to a mechanical index, which indicates this volume.







**General:** Rotary meters are characterized by high measuring range and compact dimensions.

Due to their measuring principle they do not require any straight inlet or outlet pipe section. Rotary meters have to be lubricated with oil. For easy access and control of the appropriate oil level the oil chambers on the front and the backside are connected to allow maintenance to be done from the front side only.

The double direction index allows adapting the meter to any flow direction.

The RVG is available with the latest technology of the Absolute-ENCODER S1D, which enables the most reliable readout of a mechanical index.

The RVG-ST is the smallest meter line from G10 to G25. It has a threaded connection as standard. Optionally it is also available as flange version.

The index of the RVG-ST is located in the gas area, while the RVG uses index variants outside the gas area in atmospheric air driven by a magnetic coupler.

# Main features

- Meter sizes: G10 G400
- For flow rates
   0.6 m<sup>3</sup>/h to 650 m<sup>3</sup>/h
- Nominal widths DN 25 DN 150
- Pressure ratings PN 10/16 and ANSI 150
- Cast iron housing (GGG 40) or aluminium housing
- High-temperature resistance up to 4 bar for GGG 40
- Optional: double direction index S1D for universal installation and flow direction



# RVG: Rotary Gas Meters / flange connection

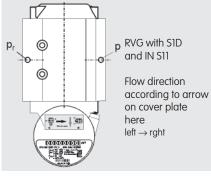
Technical data RVG	
Gas temperature	-20 to +60 °C
Ambient temperature	-20 to +70 °C
Operating pressure	Max. 20 bar
Protection class	IP67 (suitable for outdoor installation)
Housing	Aluminium or cast iron GGG-40; pistons made of aluminium
Metrological approval	PTB
ATEX approval	Ex-zone 1
Media	Natural gas, town gas, inert gases, further gases on request
Max. error $\pm 1 \%$ for Q <sub>1</sub> - Q <sub>max</sub> $\pm 2 \%$ for Q <sub>min</sub> - Q <sub>1</sub>	$ \begin{array}{lll} Q_{1}=0.2 & Q_{max'} \text{ for measuring range} \leq 1:20 \\ Q_{1}=0.15 & Q_{max'} \text{ for measuring range} > 1:30 \\ Q_{1}=0.1 & Q_{max'} \text{ for measuring range} = 1:50 \\ Q_{1}=0.05 & Q_{max'} \text{ for measuring range} > 1:50 \end{array} $
Reproducibility	< 0.1%
Applicable standards	EN 12480, DIN EN 13463-1 and -5, EN 50020:2002
Index variants	S1 (standard), Double direction index S1D, Absolute-ENCODER S1D (option)
Outputs	Retrofitable LF-Pulser IN-Sxx (Reed switch) Retrofitable LF-Pulser IN-W11 (Wiegand sensor, option) HF-pulser A1K (option)
Pressure/temperature tapping	2 pressure tappings ¼" NPT, 2 thermowells applicable

#### Measuring ranges: according to PTB approval: Z 7.130 95.06

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Size	Measuring chamber [dm³]	Start-up flow rate [m³/h]	Q <sub>min</sub> [m³/h] national 1:160	Q <sub>min</sub> [m³/h] National 1:100	Q <sub>min</sub> [m³/h] National 1:65	Q <sub>min</sub> [m³/h] EU-Norm 1:20	Q <sub>max</sub> [m³/h]	2xNF [imp/m³]	HF * [imp/m³] (Option)
G 16 DN 50	0.56	0.03				1.3	25	10	~ 14025
G 25 DN 50	0.56	0.03			0.6	2.0	40	10	~ 14025
G 40 DN 50	0.56	0.03		0.6	1.0	3.0	65	10	~ 14025
G 65 DN 50	0.56	0.03	0.6	1.0	1.6	5	100	10	~ 14025
G 100 DN 80	1.07	0.05	1.0	1.6	2.5	8	160	1	~ 7528
G 160 DN 80	2.01	0.1	1.6	2.5	4.0	13	250	1	~ 3882
G250 DN100	2.54	0.3	2.5	4.0	6.0	20	400	1	~ 3178
G400 DN100	3.65	0.4	4.0	6.5	10	32	650	1	~ 2191
G400 DN150	3.65	0.4	4.0	6.5	10	32	650	1	~ 2191

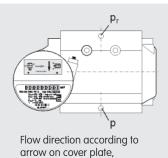
\* statet HF pulse values nominal, Specific values can deviate

# Double direction index S1D (option)



Horizontal flow: Reading from top

### Absolute-ENCODER S1D



here top  $\downarrow$  bottom

Vertical flow: Reading from the front

Electronically readable mechanical double index PTB and ATEX approval

For detailed information please see data sheet "Absolute-ENCODER S1"

Upper index covered, lower free When flow direction bottom ↑ top cover is turned round, upper index is free, lower index covered pr-offtake always at inlet



### LF pulser E1 and PCM

Elster-Instromet RVG rotary meters are commonly equipped with 2 low-frequency (LF) pulse generators and an additional monitoring reed switch (PCM) for detection of line break or interferences caused by magnetic fields. These pulse generators are attachable and can be retrofitted or changed without opening totalizer.

#### Installation



Installation of the pulse generator IN-S1x:

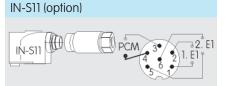
- Both auides of the IN-S1x are inserted into the guiding grooves of the totalizer head.
- Push the unit over the safety clip of the totalizer head until the IN S1x locks acoustically.



IN-S10 (standard)

IN-S10: Wiring colours 1. E1: white-brown 2.E1: green-vellow PCM: grey-pink PCM monitoring against manipulation

The PCM control contact is a special Reed switch. In the control state, this switch is closed with a protection resistor  $R_i = 100 \Omega$  in series. When an exter-



View on soldering side of plug socket including 1 each 6-pin female plug socket PG 9 DIN 45322

LF-pulser: voltage:  $U_{max} = 24$  V; current:  $I_{max} = 50$  mA; switching capacity:  $P_{max} = 0.25$  W resistor:  $R_i = 100 \Omega \pm 20\%$ 

nal magnetic field is brought into contact with the IN-S1x pulser (tampering to suppress the pulses originating from the gas flow) the Reed switch is opened. If the

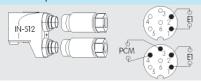
#### Removal



Removal of the pulse generator IN-S1x:

- Lift the lower clip of IN-S1x by means of a screwdriver and, by pulling slightly, re-move from the guide of the totalizer head.

#### IN-S12 (option)



View on soldering side of plug socket including 2 each 6-pin female plug sockets PG 9 DIN 45322

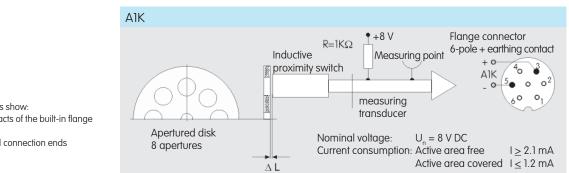
switch is permanently monitored (e.g. by Elster-Instromet volume conversion devices), it is possible to recognize the exact time of line break or tampering.

#### LF pulser IN-W11

As an option, it is possible to fit Elster-Instromet RVGs with the Wiegand sensor module IN-W11 instead of the LF pulser module IN-S1x. The IN-W11 is a low-frequency pulser with a definite pulse width > 50 ms, which is highly reliable and ensures there is no mechanical wear and tear.

IN-W11 (option) INL-M

#### HF pulser A1K



The indicated pin assignments show-

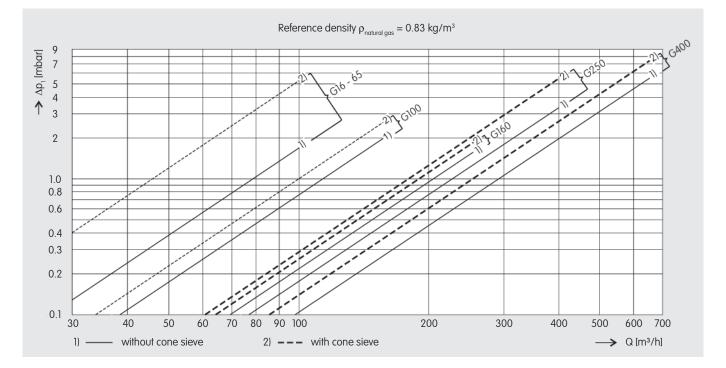
- The view on the pin contacts of the built-in flange connector or
- The view on the soldered connection ends of the adapter socket

# RVG: Rotary Gas Meters / flange connection

### Thermowell

Prepared for two thermowells type EBL 67 (for temperature sensors up to  $\emptyset$  6mm).

# Pressure loss diagram



# Example

Example to determine the pressure loss under operating conditions

Given:

- Load 400 m³/h
- Type G 250, DN 100
- Operating pressure 10 bar
- Gas: natural gas or air

From the diagram:

 $\Delta p_1 = 3.35$  mbar (natural gas at 1bar abs.)

$$\rho_{\rm b} = 0.83 \cdot \frac{11}{1} = 9.13 \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{m}^3}$$

 $\Delta p_{_{\rm b}}$  = 3.35  $\cdot$  9.13 = 30.6 mbar for natural gas

Conversion for any gas (here air):

$$\Delta p_{air} = 30.6 \cdot \frac{1.29}{0.83} = 47.56 \text{ mbar}$$

Pressure loss under operating conditions:  $\Delta \rho_b = \Delta p_1 \cdot \rho_b$ Density under operating conditions:

$$\rho_{\rm b} = \rho_{\rm n} \cdot \frac{\rho_{\rm b}}{\rho_{\rm atm}}$$

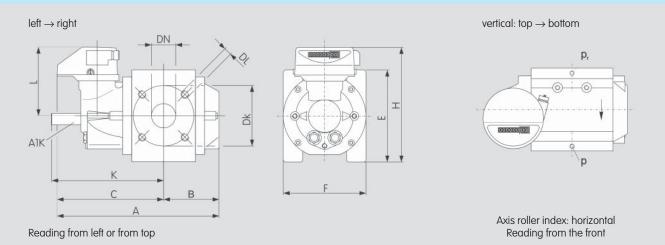
Pressure loss for any gas G:

$$\Delta p_{\rm G} = \Delta p_{\rm ng} \cdot \qquad \frac{\rho_{\rm G}}{\rho_{\rm ng}}$$

Densities $\rho_n$ in stan	dard condition
Air	1.29 kg/m <sup>3</sup>
Town gas	0.64 kg/m³
Natural gas	0.83 kg/m³
Nitrogen	1.25 kg/m³
Methane	0.72 kg/m³
Carbon dioxide	1.98 kg/m³
Hydrogen	0.09 kg/m <sup>3</sup>

Sign	Description	Einheit
$\rho_{\text{b}}$	Density in operating condition	kg/m³
ρ <sub>n</sub>	Density in standard condition	kg/m³
$\rho_{_G}$	Density of any gas	kg/m³
$\rho_{ng}$	Density of natural gas	kg/m³
P <sub>atm</sub>	Absolute atmospheric pressure	bar
P <sub>b</sub>	Absolute operating pressure (overpressure)	bar
$\Delta p_1$	Pressure loss for natural gas at 1 bar	mbar
$\Delta p_{b}$	Pressure loss for natural gas at operating conditions	mbar
$\Delta p_{ng}$	Pressure loss for natural gas	mbar
$\Delta p_{G}$	Pressure loss for any gas	mbar

#### Flow direction



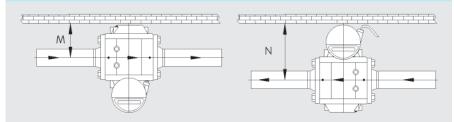
#### Dimensions and weights

Aluminiur	Aluminium (Dimensions in mm; weight in kg)												
Size	DN *	DN **	А	В	С	Н	Dk	DL	E	К	L	F	Weight
G 16	50	40	335	115	220	222	125	4 x M16	180	240	141	171	12
G 25	50	40	335	115	220	222	125	4 x M16	180	240	141	171	12
G 40	50	40	335	115	220	222	125	4 x M16	180	240	141	171	12
G 65	50	40	335	115	220	222	125	4 x M16	180	240	141	171	12
G 100	80	-	435	165	272	222	160	8 x M16	180	290	141	171	16
G 160	80	100	469	189	280	278	160	8 x M16	220	298	168	241	33
G 250	100	80	529	219	310	278	180	8 x M16	220	328	168	241	39
G 400	100	-	660	290	370	278	180	8 x M16	220	421	168	241	50
G 400	150	100	660	290	370	308	240	8 x M20	285	421	168	260	56

\* Standard \*\* Special model \*\*\* Special dimensions in parentheses (at GGG-40) Standard: Flange PN 10/16 according to DIN 2633; optional: ANSI 150 according to ASME B16.5

GGG-40	GGG-40 (Dimensions in mm; weight in kg)												
Size	DN *	DN **	А	В	С	Н	Dk	DL	E	К	L	F ***	Weight
G 16	50	40	335	115	220	222	125	4 x M16	180	240	141	150	23
G 25	50	40	335	115	220	222	125	4 x M16	180	240	141	150	23
G 40	50	40	335	115	220	222	125	4 x M16	180	240	141	150	23
G 65	50	40	335	115	220	222	125	4 x M16	180	240	141	150	23
G 100	80	-	435	165	272	222	160	8 x M16	180	290	141	240(230)	34
G 160	80	100	469	189	280	278	160	8 x M16	220	298	172	241	64
G 250	100	80	529	219	310	278	180	8 x M16	220	328	172	241	72

#### Adjustment to the flow direction with standard index S1



#### Minimum wall clearance: M or N in mm Ν Μ Ν with Hf pulser G 16 - G 65 190 120 250 G100 170 240 300 G160 200 245 310 G250 230 285 340 G400 305 350 435

# RVG-ST

# Rotary gas meter G 10 - G 25





Compact cabinet solution with M2R

## Main features RVG-ST

- Meter sizes G10 G25
- Flow rates from 0.8 40 m³/h
- Nominal widths DN 25, DN 32, DN 40, DN 50
- Line pressure maximum 20bar
- Aluminium housing



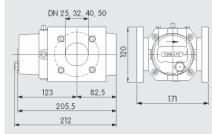
with volume corrector EK210



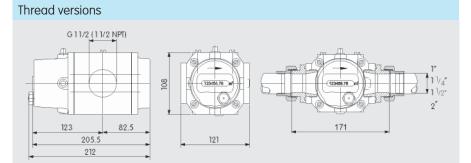
Ultimate system:

- RVG-ST + EK210 + MR 25 G6
- Smallest space required
- Highest measuring accuracy
- Highest outlet pressure control

# Flanged versions



# Dimensions

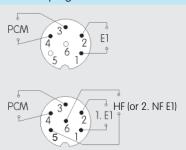


Size	G10	G16	G25					
$Q_{min}$ (m <sup>3</sup> /h)	0.8	0.8	0.8					
$Q_{max}$ (m <sup>3</sup> /h)	16	25	40					
Rangeability	1:20	1 : 20 to 1 : 30	1 : 20 to 1 : 50					
Flow range	0.8 – 40 m³/h	1.20101.00	1.20101.30					
Start-up flow rate	0.03 m <sup>3</sup> /h (0.5 l/min)							
Gas temperature	-20 °C to +60 °C							
Ambient temperature	-20 °C to +70 °C							
Line pressure (gauge)	Maximum 20 bar							
Protection class	IP67 (suitable for outdoor installation)							
Housing	Aluminium; pistons made of aluminiu	JM						
Metrological approval	PTB							
ATEX approval	Ex-Zone 1							
Media	Natural gas, inert gases							
Max. error: ± 1 % for $Q_{t} - Q_{max}$ ± 2 % for $Q_{min} - Q_{t}$	$\begin{array}{c} Q_{1}=0.2 \\ Q_{1}=0.15 \\ Q_{1}=0.15 \\ Q_{1}=0.1 \\ Q_{1}=0.1 \\ Q_{1}=0.05 \\ Q$	> 1:30 = 1:50						
Applied standards	EN 12480, DIN EN 13463-1 and -5, EN	50020:2002						
Index	8-digit roller index, reading from the	front						
Outputs	LF Reed contact E1 - Standard: 1 contact (pulse value = - Option: 2 contacts (pulse value = HF pulser (option) - 1 HF pulser (pulse value = 2500 pu Equipment: 1 HF-pulser + 1 LF-reed	= 10 pulses/m³) + PCM* Ises/m³) according to DIN EN 50227 (No	amur)					
Pressure/temperature tapping	2 pressure tappings 1/4" NPT, 2 thermo	2 pressure tappings ¼" NPT, 2 thermowells applicable						
Pipe connection	<ul> <li>Pipe thread ISO 228, G 1 ½ (interna adaptable to pipes DN 25 (1"); DN 3</li> <li>Flanged connection DN 25, DN 32,</li> </ul>		and ASME B16.5					
Mounting	Horizontal or vertikal							
Flow direction	Left $\rightarrow$ right; right $\rightarrow$ left; top $\rightarrow$ botton must be specified in the order	n; bottom $\rightarrow$ top						
Weight (kg)	4.5							

\* PCM: supervision contact against tampering

# LF pulser E1

# View on plug socket



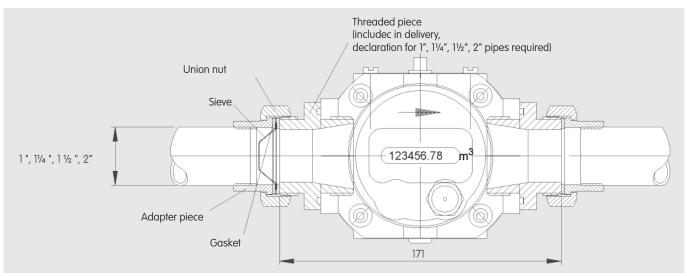
View on soldering side of plug socket

Standard: LF-pulser E1 (Reed-contact) and PCM supervision contact against tampering

Option: HF - LF pin assignment

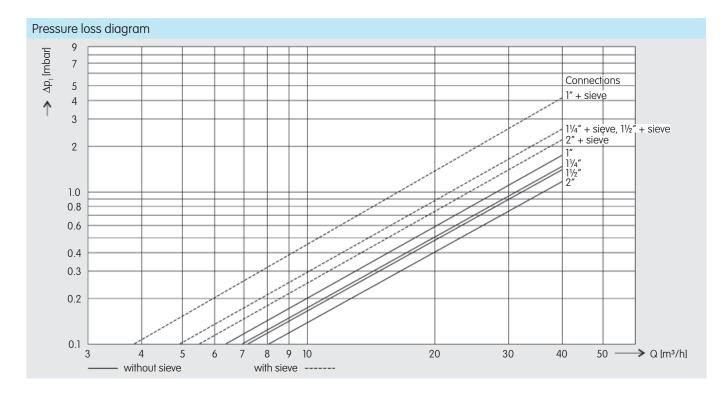
# RVG-ST: Rotary Gas Meters G10 - G25

## Connecting sets



Optional available are connecting sets consist of:

- 3 x gasket
- 1 x sieve
- 2 x adapter piece
- 2 x union nut
- für 1" pipes with outside thread No. 730 176 52  $\,$
- für  $1\frac{1}{4}$ " pipes with outside thread No. 730 176 53
- für 1½" pipes with outside thread No. 730 176 54
- für 2 " pipes with outside thread No. 730 181 60



### Your contacts

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